GOSSIP OF **METROPOLIS**

Inside View of the U.S. Steel Corporation Committees.

THE FAIR MILLIONS SUIT

New Man from West Assumes Responsible Position and Averts a Strike. Redmond as a Judge of Railroad Bonds.

By JOHN MARTHOL.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

NEW YORK, Apr 16,-in a corporation as large as the United States steel trust "the outsiders" are not long in learning what "the insiders" are thinking about as well as doing. For a year or more one active faction has been covertly desirous ed ousting Charles M. Schwab from the presidency. Reports industriously circulated as to the health of the young steel magnate were followed with rumors that his resignation would follow. But Mr. Schwab, robust and cheery after a long vacation, is back at his desk determined to perform the duty of his great office.

vacation, is back at his desk determined to perform the duty of his great office. During his absence many changes in management have been wrought. They are wise changes in view of the enormous details which management of so many plants involve. Two large committees divide the work, one the Finance Committee, the other the Executive Mr. Morgan's partner, George W. Perkins, is the chairman of the former, Judge Garry, of the latter. Responsibility for corporate acts rests either with one or both of these committees. Mr. Schwab is a broad minded man, and he surprised his opponents by heartly approving the plan inaugurated during his absence. He found that it relieved his office of work and responsibility and brought to the affairs of the company the best mental effort of its most competent managers.

Mr. Schwab is essentially a practical manufacturer. He represents the manufacturing element in the consolidation. His knowledge is of enormous value to the corporation which must retain its prestige in the iron and steel industry by its output and make its showing of net profits by able, economical and conservative management. In this labor he has the support of the Executive Committee. The showing made in the annual report of net earnings is an endorsement of Mr. Schwab's ability as a manufacturer and of the wisdom, prudeace and foresight of Judge Garry, chairman of the Executive Committee.

torer and of the wisdom, prudesce the foresight of Judge Garry, chairman of the Executive Committee.

From the earnings, the Finance Committee, which is controlled by J. P. Morgan & Company, dividends of 7 percent, have been apportloned on the preferred stock and 4 per cent, on the common, and a handsome surplus is ca: 113 on the books. But while the preferred stock shows an 8 per cent, investment and the common an 11 per cent, investment on shares at the market price, the general public is not falling over itself to purchase them. Early in the year the Finance Committee sought to acquise stockholders for its preferred stock among its employes. The scheme was devised by George W. Perkins, a talented young man who worked his way up in the New York Life Insurance Company from agent to vice-president, and who Mr. Morgan has been endeavoring to transman who worked his way up in the New York Life Insurance Company from agent to vice-president, and who Mr. Morgan has been endeavoring to transform into a financier. The scheme, so to speak, was a modification of a plan adopted by the insurance company to save for itself renewal commissions to its agents and to keep them in its service for a long, continuous period by holding over them a forfeiture of a prospective "bonus" should they leave the company. Adopted by the Finance Committee, it was announced broadcast as a "profit gharing plan." It was described as "benevolent." "philanthropic." It almed at making employes shareholders of preferred stock on an installment plan. The announcement was made that it was eminently successful. Perhaps it was Every share alloted may have been sold to the workmen as stated. I doubt it. I am told, and I may be misinformed, that the workmen refused to subscribe and that the clerical force declined. Both preferred to be humble tollers at a stated stipend. In view of this and the market values of the shares, it would seem to the lay mind that the Finance Committee has not scored heavily during its first year. ing its first year.
The seven millions left by Charles L.

Committee has not scored neavity ding its first year.

The seven millions left by Charles L. Tair, of San Francisco, the brother of Mrs. Hermann Ceirichs and Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., of New York, has become in this city an object of interest in view of the legal proceedings now being conducted here. Everybody, knows that if Mrs. Fair survived her husband even for a few moments she inherited from him, and her heirs would possess these millions. Two Frenchmen, Monsieur Mas and Monsieur Moranne, had the fortune or misfortune to be on the road near Trouveille, France, at the time of the automobile accident. Mas has testified that Mrs. Fair was breathig when Fair had ceased to breathe. Counsel for Mesdames Oelrichs and Vanderbilt proceeded at once to make it pleasant or unpleasant for Monsieur Mas. They wanted to know there they had been the night previous. This question revealed another personage, a lady. Her name? Alas, it would "tend to degrade, to implicate, etc." And now the curtain is rung up on French gallantity. In a dull court room in the city of New York, American lawyers seek to secure from a French "Monsieur" the name of the Juliet with whom, on that sventful night, he listened to the nightingale. Love's sweet secret at the bar and seven millions at stake. Now where are the writers of fiction? To them I give a theme. Volia!

writers of faction? To them I give a tierne. Volial

Once more the West has contributed to this metropolis a man to fill a responsible and important position. When August Belimont found it necessary to secure a railroad man to manage and control the Interborough System, better known as the subway lines, he named Edward P. Bryan, who had proven his ability in Louisville and Nashyille, and subsequently in St. Louis, where he had charge of the great bridge over the Misslesippi. The recent acquisition of the "L" has given immediate employment to Mr. Bryan, and singularly enough he took hold at a morment when a general strike was threatening. He said, there will be "no strike" Difficulties were adjusted, and the strike was averted. Mr. Belmont said of him: "He has the brains and the stuff in him." His contract is for five year at \$20,000 a year. Such is the roward of patient labor, and the acquisition of knowledge. He began life as a telegraph operator in Kentucky, and became the superintendent of a division of Louisville and Nashyille. His ability commanded the attention of the higher officials, and possessing energy of a man of forty, he has become the vice-president and general manager of the Interborough a company which will probably carry the largest number of pas-

NOT RECOMMENDED FOR EVERYTHING FIRST CORN But if You Have Kidney, Liver or Bladder Trouble,

SWAMP-ROOT

CURE.

WALKS READILY

Dr. Lorenz Anounces That

His Operation on Child Was

Completely Successful.

conditon, and the patient was able to walk around the house without any diffi-

which he could not make public. He added that there will be no strike to-morrow

IN VANDEGRIFT STABLES

FINE HORSES BURNED

NOTHING UNUSUAL

IN PROPOSED MEETING

(By Associated Progs.)
ST. PAUL, SiINN., April 16.—Concerning the report from the East that the Great Northern directors will meet in this city in a few days to take action on a dividend which might be provented by the government suit, one of the board to-

day said: "The Great Northern declares a divi-"The Great Northern declares a divi-dend payable the first of May, and has done so for many years. It will be done this spring as usual, as afr as I know. This is the only reason for a meeting that I know of."

(By Associated Press.) LONDON, April 16.—Miss Ellea Thorn-overoft Fowler, the author, was married to-day to A L. Felkin at Tetten Hall.

Milton Smiley Missing.

MR. A. L. FELKIN

MISS FOWLER WEDS

ON ELEVATED LINES

MAY AVERT STRIKE

You Will Find the Great Remedy, Swamp-Root, Just What You Need.

Root, Just What Y
It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organis.

Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected, and how every organ seems to fall to do its duty.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the famous new discovery, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince any one.

will lielp all the other organs to health. A trial will convince any one.

Doctors Prescribe Swamp-Root.

Gentlemen: "I have prescribed that wonderful remedy for kidney and bladder complaints, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, with most beneficial effect, and know of many cures by its use. These patients had kidney trouble, as diagnosed by other physicians, and treated without benefit. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root effected a cure. I am a liberal man and accept a specific wherever I find it. In an accepted school or out of it. For desperate cases of kidney or bladder complaint under treatment with unsatisfactory results I turn to Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root with most flattering results. I shall conlinue to prescribe it, and from personal observation state that Swamp-Root has great curative properties."

continue to prescribe it, and from personal observation state that Swamp-Root has creat curative properties."

276 9th St., Borough of Brooklyn, N. Y.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, and if permitted to continue much suffering, with fatal results, are sure to follow. Kidney trouble irritates the nerves, makes you dizzy, restless, sleepless and irritable; makes you dizzy, restless, sleepless and irritable; makes you to get up many times during the night. Unhealthy kidneys cause rhoumatism, gravel, entairth of the bladder, pain or dull ache in the back, joints and muscles; makes youir bead ache and back ache, causes indigestion, stomach and liver trouble, you get a sallow, yellow complexion, makes you feel as though you had heart trouble; you may have plenty of ambition, but no strength; get weak and waste away.

The cure for these troubles is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the world-famous kidney remedy. In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to Nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that is known to medical science.

If there is any doubt in your mind as to your condition, take from your urine on rising about, four curses when the man of the properties."

to medical science.

If there is any doubt in your mind as to your condition, take from your urine on rising about four ounces, place it in a glass or bottle and lot it stand twenty-four hours. If on examination it is milky or cloudy, if there is a brick-dust settling, or if small particles float about in it, your kidneys are in need of immediate at-

No matter how many doctors you may have tried-no matter how much money you may have spent on other medicines, you really owe it to yourself to at least give Swamp Root a trial. Its stanchest friends to day are those who had almost

you may meet spent a trial. Its stanchest friends to-day are those who had almost given up hope of ever becoming well again.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dellar size bottles at the drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root—Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Sample Bottle of Swamp-Root Sent Free by Mail.

EDITORIAL NOTE—If you have the slightest symptoms of kidney or bladder troubles, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root, and a book containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial latters received from men and women cured. In writing, be sure to say that you read this generous offer in The Richmond Daily Times-Dispatch.

sengers for the shortest distance, in the most limited time of any railroad in the LOLITA ARMOUR

Slowly, steadily advancing, Honry S. Redmond, of the firm of Redmond and Kerr, is now recognized throughout the United States as an expert authority on railroad bonds. He began his career in Wall Street some twenty years ago, and he steadily pursued one line-that of selling bonds, Bearing in mind the enormous number of bonds of diffenent issues railroads have put upon the market an intimate knowledge of them cannot be acquired in a year's study. The customers of Mr. Redmond are located all over the country, and they are known by him to be investors. He has gained their confidence and respect. It is now said that Mr. Redmond can underwrite an entire issue of bonds and dispose of them within a fortnight by simply recommending them. This is more than any other banker can do, not excepting Mr. Morgan. On the other hand, a financier said: "It is about as difficult to get Redmond to endorse, a bond issue as to sell them, for if he will endorse the issue they are about the same a sold." This they are about the same as sold." This is a pretty strong recommendation for a man who, under forty-five, began life with a small capital and has become a millionaire by sheer pluck and industry.

FRENGH PRESIDENT REVIEWS MANOEUVRES

(By Associated Press. (By Associated Press.)
ALGIERS, April 16.—President Loubet
to-day witnessed the grand military manocurres, in which 10,000 troops took
part, on Mustapha field. This force had
been drawn from all parts of the colony,
was reinforced by sallors and marines
from the visiting fleets and by many native organizations.

SHOT THROUGH HEAD IN A BOWERY RESORT

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, April 16.—Obed Paddock, a driver, was shot and killed in a case in a Bowery resort early to-day, and the bar-tender in the place, James Carter, was locked up. The police say that he confessed that he did the shooting, Padof the head, and the officers who arrested Carter say they found him standing be-hind the bar with a revolver in his hund.

ATROCIOUS CRIME

Murder Committed to Defraud Insurance Company.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, April 16.-In issuing a WARHINGTON, April 18.—In issuing a warrant for the surrender to the Mexican Govariment of Dr. Charles S. Harle, now held under El Paso, Tox., on a charge of feing an accessory to a murder committed in Chilmahua, Mex., the State Department took steps o secure the punishmen of a peculiarly atroclous crime which has eigned the attention of the two governments and one of the big New ork life insurance companies for many menths.

Million Smiley Missing.

(By Associated Press.)

ATLANTA, GA., April 16.—United
States Immigration Agant Million Smiley,
who came to Atlanta some time ago on
a secret mission, is reported as missing
since last Monday. Mr. Smiley's purpose in Atlanta was to ascertain if any
Greek boys had been bonded out as
slaves in this city. Government officials
are working on the case. Mr. Smiley's
home is in Columbus, Ohlo.

PLANTING

Attention of Southside Farmers Now Turning to This.

The Telephone Lines in the County Were Damaged Somswhat-Several Important Cases on Docket of the County Court.

MEHERRIN, VA., April 16.—Corn planting has begun in this section. The first seeding was done this week, so far as known, and the attention of the nu-merous farmers is at present bent in this as known, and the attention of the numerous farmers is at present bent in this direction. Preparations are being made for larger crops of this produce than heretofore, and the idea of the average farmer at present is to make corn to sell instead of having it to buy. It is a well-known fact that the stock of the average farmer through this scope of country suffers for the want of grain, and as a result the country is filled up with poor stock. The people, it seems, are growing more and more interested along this line, and with the idea of raising more stock, come a natural one to raise more grain. It is an easy matter for strangers to come to this section and tell who has the good farms and raises the bulk of the grain by the numerous teams that are driven here and there. Whenever there is a poor team the first utterance of the stranger is that the owner of that pair has his grain to buy. When on the other hand a fine puir is driven up he will say at once that the owner of those has corn to sell, and as a matter of fact, everyone agrees with him.

The butcher is gradually failing in the

him.

The butcher is gradually failing in the same line. Whenever he wants fat beef, pork or mutton he will always go to the man who raises plenty of grain to/find them, and as a result this class of farmers always find ready sales for their stock at good prices. The farmers are somewhat behind hand, at present, on account of so much wet weather of late, but with a few weeks of good weather it is thought that they can get well up in all of their farm work. The scarcity of labor will hinder them much, but it is quite evident that they will overcome this by working overtime.

During a storm that visited this section one night this week, lightning struck the telephone wire that connects the country home of the late Dr. W. E. Edwards, and the brick store of Mr. E. W. Dickerson, and followed the wire The butcher is gradually falling in the

Edwards, and the brick store of Mr.

E. W. Dickerson, and followed the wire into the latter's storehouse, tore away a small portion of the ceiling and a small fire was started. Mr. Dickerson, who had been in his bed on the second floor, only a short time heard the noise and the medically went down and arthquished. immediately went down and extinguished it before it had made any headway. A small damage to the handles of his saws,

small damage to the handles of his saws, and a few more articles being burnt or splintered, and but for his timely appearance his fine structure would have been entirely destroyed.

Several important cases were docketed for this term of the county court, which commenced on Monday last. The most important was that of Slaughter, charged with the murder of his close friend. with the murder of his close friend, which happened near the Brunswick line which happened near the Brunswick line a few weeks ago. He was ir anediately arrested and lodged in jall, and on Monday last he was indicted by the grand jury, and immediately his counsel had him brought in the courtroom where he made a motion before the county judge to have him balled until the trial could be gone into. This was refused by re-(By Associated Press.)
CHICAGO. ILL., April 18.—Dr. Adolph
Lorenz, the Austrian specialist, arrived
in Chicago to-day for the purpose of removing the cast from the leg of Lolita
Armour, the young daughter of J. Ogden
Armour, upon whom an operation for congenital dislocation of the hip was performed last October. Upon removing the
cast the limb was found to be in perfect
condition and the natient was able to be gone into. This was refused by re-quest of Commonwealth's Attorney W H. Perry, until he could get more wit-nesses in the case, and this was post-poned until Monday next, when the wit-nesses will be introduced and arguments

culty.
"The operation was a complete success," said Dr. Lorenz, "but I shall have to be in constant attendance upon the little one for three or four weeks before I can be certain of a positive cure." It is quite evident that feelings against the prisoner have subsided very much and that he will get off with a light sen-

and that he will get oit with a light sentence, if any. It is also understood that his plea will be self-defence.

Another interesting case was that against a negro of about twenty-one years of age charged with entering the storehouse of Wall & Hamiltom at Whittettes Mill and taking goods and money therefrom. This deed was committed (By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, April 16.—The elevated railroad employes voted unanimously tonight to sustain their Executive Committee in standing out for 2 nine-hour working day. President Pepper said that this does not necessarily mean a strike, as President Mahon, of the International Association, has succeeded in reopening negotiations with General-Manager Bryan, of the company.

President Pepper said also that he had received a proposition from Mr. Bryan therefrom. This deed was committed several months ago. Strong counsel has several months ago. Strong counsel has been engaged on both sides and a great fight will be had. It seems that the Commonwealth has a very strong case against the negro, and it is quite evident that he will go down to the pen for several wares.

will be heard, and court will be in ses-sion the best part of next week.

Several applications for liquor license

several applications for inquire lossise were filed and held up until a few days later by the judge, when he will take them up for inspection.

Easter was unusually quiet in this section on account of rain. The ball which was to have taken place at Lindon was the second late Monday evening when abandoned late Monday evening, when the rain began to fall in torrents, and th

(By Associated Press.)

WELLSBURG, W. VA., April 16.—Two large stables belonging to Joseph B. Vandergrift, were destroyed by fire here to-day, entailing a loss of \$75,000. Thirteen of his blooded horses were bruned, including his prize horse Edna Cook, valued at \$5,000. The fire was undoubtedly of incendiary origin.

When the flames were first discovered two men were seen running from the burning building. They disappeared in the woods nearby before they could be apprehended. The insurance, it is thought, will almost cover the loss.

This is the third attempt in three months. was spent more quietly than here Miss Ethel Arvine, of the State Normal School, accompanied by two of her schoolmates, Misses Homes and Paulette, spent Easter at her home near this

place.
Misses Ossie and Edna Harding, of
Kinath, Va., are the guests of Mrs. M. G.

Kinath, Va., are the guests of the Price.

Mrs. Julian Price and two children, of Greensboro, N. C., is spending a few weeks as the guest of her people.

Miss Elsie M. Baker returned from Richmond last week, where she was under trantment at the Sheltering Arms. She is much improved, and it is hoped that she will soon be entirely recovered.

Tutt's Pills Cure All Liver Ills.

Perfect Health.

Keep the system in perfect order by the occasional use of Tutt's

Miss Mabel Daniel, of Hoancke, Va., is the guest of Mrs. M. H. Gee.

Captain George D. Price, who was very badly hurt in a wreck at Drakes Branch inst week. Is improving very slowly. Several destors have been regularly attending him and it will be several months before he can return to work.

Mrs. T. I. Jeter has been quite ill this week, but has somewhat improved in the peat few days. Mosers, B. Tillot Finch and Clifford Branch, of Chaso City, were here a few

days this wack.

Mr. W. B. Shackleton, of South Boston, Va., apent a few days here this week with his people.

HAVOC FOLLOWS STORM DR. R. P. KERR PRAISES PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

(By Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, April 16.—At a reception NEW YORK, April 16—At a reception to-night to the delegates attending the meeting of the Alliance of Reformed Churches a letter of greeting was read from President Rucseveit. Roy Dr. Robert P. Kerr said that President Rosseveit was the greatest man in the country to-day, loving his country better than he does his life, and of whom every Dutchman is proud.

Must the Races Separate? Editor of The Times-Dispatch:

The profound interest which every lover of his country feels in the destiny of the newro race in the United States is the apology of your correspondent for broaching the subject again after a previous article in your paper, and though we must

ticle in your paper, and though we must presuppose lapses of long periods of time in its consideration, this should not prevent us from trying to realize what is before us and, so far as may be, provide for the future.

The ultimate separation of the races upon a mutually advantageous basis, so far as we can see, is the only satisfactory solution of the problem, and to propose a plan for this purpose the present

range we can see, is the only satisfactory solution of the problem, and to propose a plan for this purpose the present article is written.

When the partition of Africa among the European powers took place, after Stanley's wonderful exploration of the Valley of the Congo, and when this valley was assigned to a company, of which the King of Belgium was the head, under the name of the Congo Free State, little interest was then felt in the transaction by the people of our country.

As shown by the maps, this territory comprises an area about equal to all of the United States lying east of the Mississiph; it is unsurpassed in the fertility of its soil, the value of its forests and the extent of its grazing region, over which roam countless numbers of her-

the United States lying east of the Allessispip; it is unsurpassed in the fortility of its soil, the value of its forests and the extent of its grazing region, over which roam countiess numbers of 'herbiverous animals of every description. The inhabitants are of a docile, amiable disposition, entirely different from the flerce, warlike tribes of South Africa, and these are the people from whom all the negroes in the United States are descended. The various tribes used to make war upon each other to get captives to sell to the slave ships, to be brought to America, and they are to-day no further advanced in civilization than they were then; but they would make valuable laborers in the development of that country under civilized direction.

For thousands of miles the Congo and its tributaries are navigable, flowing through an elevated table-land, until, upon approaching the coast, their waters dash down to the sea in a series of falls and rapids.

Three or four years ago the Belgium company completed the railroad from the coast to the head of the rapids and introduced steam navigation and trading ports on the river. The enterprise is of a purely business character, but its success seems to be not yet established, and the King is said to have lost a good deal of money by it so far.

Now, let the United States buy out this company. Send Booker Washington there as Governor-General, hiske a law that none but Afro-Americans shall be appointed to office; guarantee security from molestation by European powers; make liberal assignments of land to settlers, and let them work out their own destiny.

tiers, and let them work out their own destiny.

If doubt is felt as to the physical difficulty of emigration on such a scale, look at what has occurred in the United States, though previous to a little more than fifty years ago only salling vessels existed. Emigrants could now embark from an American port with their families and effects and travel every foot of the way to a plantation in the heart of Africa by steam in much less time than it used to take to go from Washington to New Orleans.

There are many Afro-Americans who have abundant capital, training and brains to succeed there as planters, merchants or professional men, taking with them such men as they may need and opening the way for settlers of lesser means.

make liberal assignments of land to settlers, and let them work out their own destiny.

If doubt is folt as to the physical dimited on the country of emigration on such a scale, look at what has occurred in the United States, though previous to a little media state. By a standing the country of the way years ago only sailing sensels existed. Emigrants could will their families and effects plantation in the heart of the way of particular, and the country of the way of particular, and the country of the way of the standing the country of the way of the standing the country of the way for settlers of less on the world's profess sugmentants or professional men, taking with them such men as they may need and beause of the way for settlers of less of the world's profess sugments.

There is no reason why the negro race, in course of time, should not reach a degree of civilization equal to that of any other, and the circumstances under which their immigration would be surrounded would be highly conductive to that one, and a street of the world's professional would be highly conductive to that one, and work plantations of sugar, rice, out the stondard of the real thanks of the many of the real thanks of the many of the real thanks of the real thanks of the many of the real thanks of the real thanks

realize that there is no future for their descendants here, and a great future awaiting them in Africa, they will not be slow in making their choice, and the foundations of the new colony would be laid with this class of men-men who would have the means and the ability to employ large numbers of the natives and work plantations of sugar, rice, cotton and tobacco on a profitable scale, secured in their rights of person and property by laws given them and enforced by the United States, until they can govern themselves.

Such an outlet would work wonders with the race in this country; industry, thrift and the acquisition of knowledge would then have a definite object, and we would hear no more of vain longings for socal and political equality here. The friendship which once existed between the races in the South would return and the white race, both North and South, would help them in every way in their power to build up a new empire in their fatherland.

There would be no danger of a sudden depletion of the labor supply in the South, for this emigration would, necessarily, he graded, and vacancies would be more than filled from other sources. The presence of the negro has herecfore been the great repellant to an incoming of white settlers, but with the prospect of his departure the tide of emigration would be diverted Southward, and the value of every description of real estate, both rural and urban, would increase in value beyond anything ever known before.

WILLIAM W. BLACKFORD.

Lynnhaven. Princess Anne Co., Va., April 13th, 1963.

Original Curfew Bell Cracked.

A note from Rouen states that the Rou-vel, the celebrated bell in the belfry of the Town Hall, which rings the curfew every evening from 9 o'clock to a quarter Liver Pills. They regulate the bowels and produce

A Vigorous Body
For sick headache, maleris, bilionsness, constipation and kindred diseases an absolute cura.

TUTT'S LIVER PILLS.

overy evening from 3 o'clock to a quarter past, is cracked, and it is feared that further use may cause it to fall to pieces. The curfew has been temporarily discontinued in consequence. The Rouvel dates from the thirteenth century, and is generally called the "allver beil." In 1882 Charles VI. ordered the confiscation of the bell because it had been used to give he signal of a popular rising, but a compromise was subsequently arrived at, and the King accepted a sum of money instead of the Rouvel. It appears probable that the belt will either he recast or preserved in the local museum Fourgurean, Temple & Co.

More Than a Thousand Yards of Fancy Ribbons

At a Third Under Value.

Here is a feast for folks who are ribbon hungry that is going to be long remembered.

It is as tempting a display of pretty ribbons as we have ever made, with the added fascination of being lower priced than any similar qualities have over sold at.

Dainty Neck Ribbons, Hair Ribbons, Ribbons for Sashes, Ribbons for trimmings, for millinery and a dozen other uses. An overstocked maker offered them to us as a bargain and we took them because they were a big bargain. We have marked them, so you can buy them the same way. Of course, it is just a passing chance at these prices, and one that isn't likely to be long in passing.

Fancy Hair Ribbons, every wanted shade, 12% and 150. Taffets and Batins, colors and black and white striped and

gray striped, 35c.
Taffetas, solids, with dotted satin borders, all shades, 58c.

Satin Taffotas, striped and embroidered dots, 44c.
Mousseline Taffotas, warp prints, all shades, 49c.
Liberty Satin, with moire stripes and embroidered dots, 64c.

Stockings for Everybody. For Now and For By and By.

Medium weights for now, perhaps, but lighter ones, even gauzes, for by and by.

The lighter kinds are on display to-day and they are the ones we want you to know about.

They are the gauzy, lacy creations that stylish women will wear with low shoes, and they are here in unusual

But whatever your preference be-stockings of cotton lisle or silk, whatever weight or quality—we have the kind you want in grades that are reliable and at prices that are right. These in guaranteed fast blacks:

Black Gauze Lisie Hose, full regular, 25c. Black Lace Lisic Hose, full regular, 25c. Black Maco Hose, extra fine, full regular, 25c. Cauzo Lisie Hose, extra fine, 8 pairs for \$1.00. Lace Lisie Hose, many new patterns, 50c. Gauze Lisie Hose, very light and fine, 50c. Brilliant Ingrain Gossamer Lisie Hose, 75c Brilliant Ingrain Gossamer Lace Hose, 75c. Brilliant Ingrain Lace Hose, newest patterns, \$1.00 to \$2,00. Silk Hose, dropped-stitch ankles, new designs, \$2.50

Silk Hose, all lace, very elaborate and fine, \$3.50 to \$5.00.
Fancy Colored Stockings, in a splendid variety of new patterns.
We sell the best Heavy and Medium-Weight Hose for children ever Fourqurean, Temple & Co.

429 East Broad and Annex.

THE TREND OF THE TIMES >

What Was Gaiued in the Venezuelan Affair.

cleentage. They speak for peace, and for the conductors are impressed and respected.

Again, the reference of the matter to the Hague Tribunal marks another and important advance, and one of apparently far-reaching consequence. It goes on a great way towards establishing a world's court of justice. Vattel's Laws of National Law

financial honor and integrity; they them-selves represent to a great degree the people of their respective countries, and are largely in turn the educators of their clientage. They speak for peace, and their voice cannot be ignored with safety by any government on the globa. There is but one force before which they must bow on earth and that is sentiment in its broader senso. With all these forces working together who will say that we have not entered into the outer circle of a world's court of justice?